

Ancient China Unit Overview

Essential Standards

- E.1.2: Chinese emperors made economic choices that impacted citizens' quality of life.
- E.1.2: The Silk Road influenced the economic development of China both negatively and positively.
- C&G.1.3 Chinese political thought was dominated by the Mandate of Heaven and the Dynastic Cycle.
- C.1.2 Confucianism, Daoism, and Legalism were belief systems that the Chinese used to explain their ideas about human nature and they transformed Chinese society.
- G.1.1: Early Chinese civilizations developed on the Yellow River. The river provided for The deserts, mountains, and plateaus in western China and its distance from Europe and the Middle East cut China off from other civilizations. Due to this isolation, China developed a culture that was relatively free from the influences of other ancient civilizations.
- H.2.1 The Mongol invasion affected Chinese culture many ways and is a primary they built the Great Wall.
- H.2.3 Chinese innovations and technology transformed not only their own civilization but also those with which they traded. tile soil in the form of loess and transportation from the interior of China to the Yellow Sea.

- I totally get it
- I kinda get it
- I don't get it

We learn about this because it helps us understand...

- How does the outcome of war influence the culture of the victor and the loser of the conflict?
- How does geographic isolation influence the development of culture?
- How does international trade influence the development of civilizations and the quality of individuals' lives?
- How are the rights of citizens and political leaders influenced by religious and cultural beliefs?
- How do religions both inform and reflect cultural beliefs?
- How does technology equal change?

Essential Vocabulary

Yellow River
Loess
Mandate of Heaven
Dynastic Cycle
Bureaucracies

Dynasty
Confucianism
Buddhism
Great Wall
Shi Huangdi

Silk Road
Doasim
Filial Piety
Qin Dynasty
Mongol Empire

